



# **Results of Nitrates Directive implementation in Romania**

## DANIELA CATANĂ– senior adviser MINISTRY of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS



- Legal Framework
- Integrated Nutrient Pollution Control Project results
- Conclusions

#### Legal framework

**The Nitrates Directive 91/676/EEC** concerning the protection of waters against pollution with nitrates from agriculture sources was fully adopted through the following national legal acts:

Government Decision nr. 964/2000 for the approval of the Action Plan for the water protection against pollution with nitrates from agriculture sources and for starting up the Commission and Support Group for the implementation of the Action Plan for the protection of water against pollution with nitrates from agriculture sources;

#### Legal Framework

#### Romania set up Ministerial Orders to implement the Nitrates Directive

- Joint Ministerial Order no. 452/2001 and no.105.951/2001, for the approval of the rules for organisation and functioning, aims and competence of the Commission and Support Group for the implementation of the Action Plan for the protection of waters against pollution with nitrates from agriculture sources
- Ministerial Order nr.1072/2003 regarding the monitoring system of the surface water and groundwater from the agricultural sources;
- Joint Ministerial Order nr.242/197/2005 regarding the monitoring system of the soil from the vulnerable and potential vulnerable zones and the system management of organic residues from agriculture



- Ministerial Order 1387/2006 on approval of the procedure for public participation in the development, amendment or revision of Actions Programs for vulnerable zones.
- Joint Ministerial Order no.1552/743/2008 for the approval of the list containing the localities by counties where there are sources of nitrates from agricultural activities (Vulnerable Zones).

This second designation covers about 50% of the agricultural area of the country and takes into account:

- concentrations of nitrates in surface water and groundwater in NVZs and potential NVZs
- possible eutrophication of water bodies

#### Legal framework

#### After the second designation of NVZs in 2008

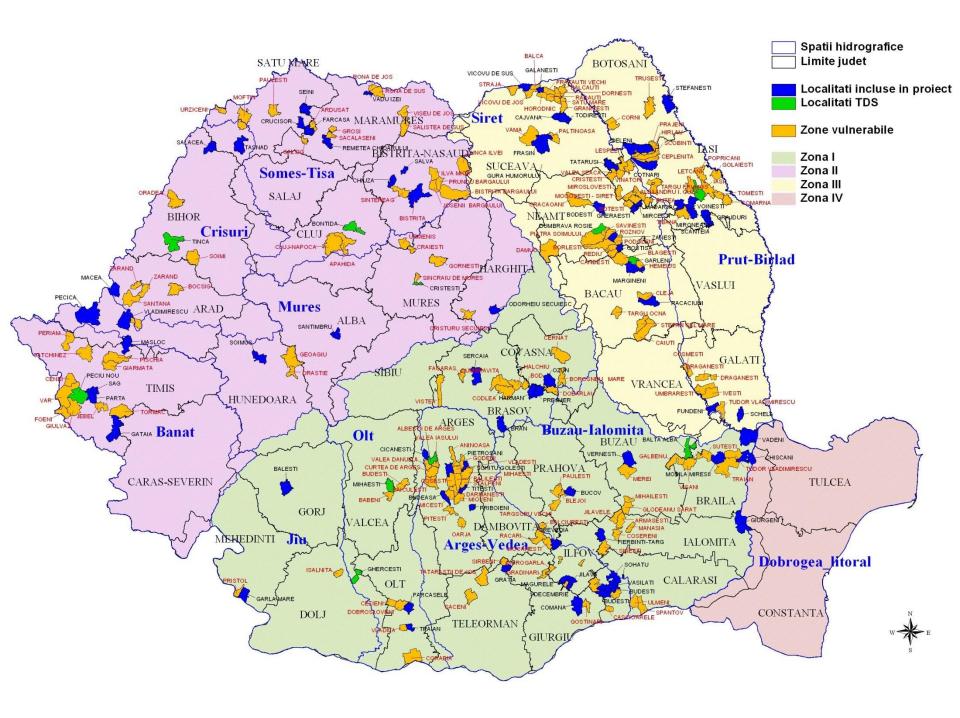
The Action Program for NVZs was adopted by the Interministerial Commission on 2010.

The Action Program:

- was subject to public consultation;
- was discussed and approved by the Basin River Committees created at basin river level for consultation purposes.

#### **OBJECTIVES** of the Project

- to reduce the pollution of nutrients in the water bodies
- to promote behavior changes by:
  - demonstrative activities at the level of communes;
- providing support to the Government of Romania for strengthening the institutional and regulatory capacity to comply with the EU requirements in the water protection area.



- Time of Implementation: 2007-2013
- Financial Support:
  - Loan of Ro Gov: Euro 50 million (World Bank)
  - Grand: Euro 5.5 million (GEF)
  - Local Budget: Euro 3.63 million
  - National Adm."Apele Romane": Euro 1 million

**Project Components** 

#### Component 1: Investments at commune level in the Nitrate Vulnerable Zones (45,95 mil. Euro)

Component 2: Institutional Strengthening and Capacity Building (5,90 mil. Euro)

Component 3: Public Awareness and Replication Strategy (2,58 mil. Euro)

**Component 4: Project Management** 

Component 1-Investments at commune level in the Nitrate Vulnerable Zones (1)

-support for 86 localities, designated as NVZs, to implement subprojects in the following areas:

(i) improve collecting, storage and management of the animal and household waste.

(ii) plant vegetative buffer strips and rehabilitation of some communal pastures;

(iii) water supply and sanitation;

(iv)promoting of the environment-friendly nutrients management practices recommended by the Code of Good Agricultural Practices;

Component 1-Investments at commune level in the Nitrate Vulnerable Areas(2)

-support for 86 localities, designated as N V As, to implement subprojects in the following areas:

- (v) preparation of Feasibility Studies for improvement of services for water and waste waters;
- (vi) testing and demonstration of the feasibility to produce biogas and energy from livestock manure and household organic waste through anaerobic digestion

Picture from the Past: improper waste management practices

Livestock manure, mixed with household waste was accumulated and stored in improper conditions at the household level.



#### What is proposed through the Project

Support for rural communities for the rehabilitation of the un-authorized waste storages and returning the land to agriculture.



#### Provision of 1050 individual platforms until now





Provision of 1262 bins for separate collection of the household waste





Construction of 13 storage platforms at the level of 8 communities (Total no. 71 platforms)





Provision of equipment for manure management (62 equipment for transport and spreding)





Demonstrative Tree Planting / Afforestation Program, Spring 2011





## Training Program on Good Agricultural Practices for farmers





#### Water and Sanitation – Support provided by the Project

Support for new waste water treatment plans and for the rehabilitation of some existing degraded waste water treatment plants.



#### Component 2: Institutional Strengthening and Capacity Building

Update of the Code of Good Agricultural Practices

Support National Administration "Apele Romane" to lead inter-agencies working groups at the river basin and county level

Carrying out a comprehensive training program for the staff of relevant regional and county level agencies, members of the river basin working groups for the implementation of Nitrate Directive.

Carrying out training programs for the Beneficiaries to enable them to access EU funds, including preparation, implementation and project management.

Strengthening the capacity of National Administration"Apele Romane" for water quality monitoring.

Purchase of the equipment for ground water wells and equipment for mobile laboratories and field investigations.



Development of a complex training program for staff at National Administration "Apele Romane".





Training of county level working groups for implementation of the Nitrate Directive







#### Component 3: Public Awareness and Replication Strategy

Carrying out of public awareness activities at local, river basin, national and regional levels including

- workshops
- field visits
- study tours
- mass media events and products.

School event organized in Albeștii de Argeș commune, Arges County





**Tree planting contest – Award ceremony** Cuza Voda School( Calarasi County)



#### Conclusions

- Implementation of Nitrates Directive is essential to achieve the implementation of the WFD.
- Nitrates Directive is an instrument to protect water from pollution from agricultural sources.
  - Contributions of the Project
- Contribution to change of the behaveours of farmers on agricultural works
- Promote a better sanitation in the rural environment in NVZs and implementation of good agricultural practices

#### Conclusions

Nitrates Directive contributes to:

- reduction of the nutrient pollution of surface and ground water resources
- reduction over the long term of discharge of nutrients into water bodies leading to the Danube River and Black Sea through integrated land and water management

### **Results of Nitrates Directive implementation in Romania**

## Thank you for your kind attention!!

