

Legal obligations & guidance

- Water Framework Directive Article 4.7
- Habitats Directive Article 6
- EU WFD guidance
- EU Nature guidelines
- Conclusions





Water Framework Directive - 1

Overall aim:

- Achievement of good status and no deterioration of status
- For heavily modified water bodies adjusted objective (GEP)
 - If good status won't be reached without affecting the water use (e.g. navigation)
 - If no better alternative is available for the water use (e.g. navigation)
 - Only HMWB designation if there is strong proof that water body is not in good status





Water Framework Directive - 2

- Article 4.7 allows for deterioration under strict conditions:
 - No better environmental options
 - Project is of overriding public interest/outweighing water protection benefits
 - All mitigation measures are taken
 - Project and reasons are reported in RBM Plan
 - Other water bodies are not impacted/other objectives not impaired





Water Framework Directive - 3

- Article 4.7 what do we expect:
 - Assessment of project on all biological quality elements
 - Use monitoring data Article 7 and expert judgement
 - Assess alternatives and describe whether there are no better environmental options (e.g. type of measure, location of measure)
 - Describe overriding public interest/comparison to foregone water protection benefits
 - Describe assessment of mitigation measures
 - -> Article 4.7 assessment in early stage





Art. 6.3/4 Habitats Directive simplified

Possible negative impact on Natura 2000 site?



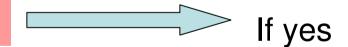
Nature impact assessment



Alternatives?



Overriding public interest?



Compensation measures - Commission opinion (if priority interest)





Problems Habitats 6.3

- No or inappropriate impact assessments
- Negative results of assessments not respected
- No/insufficient alternatives considered
- No or inadequate mitigation / compensation measures
- No designation or proposal of a qualifying site: provisions apply nevertheless (for SPAs even stricter rules!)





EU Water Directors – WFD guidance -1

- Better internalisation of environmental costs and benefits
- Planning and programming level: better coordination between different sectoral plans by:
 - -SEA-directive
 - -early development of common visions
 - -involving all authorities and stakeholders
- Project level: better coordination between WFD and EIA
- At all levels: enhancing dialogues between competent authorities, stakeholders and experts





EU Water Directors – WFD guidance 2

Navigation and ports:

- -Port development: link with Birds- and Habitats Directives River basin management plans
- Organise and check the consistency of the measures at the appropriate scale (basin / sub-basin rather than a collection of measures targeted at individual issues)
- Suggestions for supplementary measures: application of the "no net loss principle", introduction of sedimentary transport management approach, identification of obsolete infrastructures





EU Water Directors – WFD guidance 3Good examples exist!

Restoration measures

See Case study paper 2006 on Circa:

http://circa.europa.eu/Public/irc/env/wfd/library?l=/framework_directive/thematic_documents/hydromorphology&vm=detailed&sb=Title

For new developments as well





Reconnection of floodplains/oxbows in the Rhine RBD – the Netherlands

Aim: reduce hydromorphological pressures (bank reinforcement for navigation and floodplain aggregation)

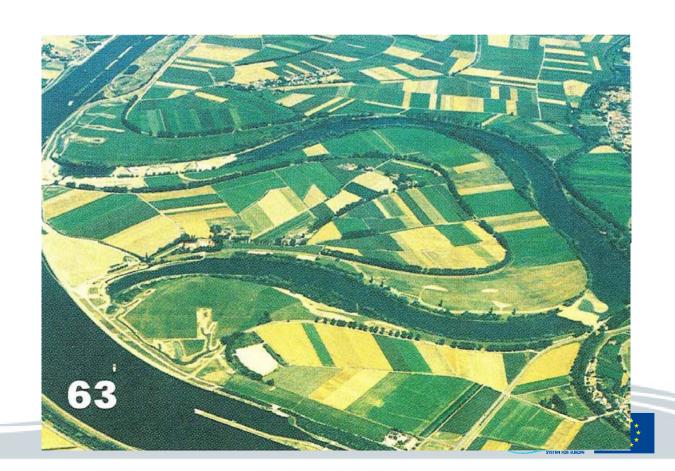








Controlling water levels in river-training projects to preserve floodplain habitats (which were cut off) – Danube - Germany



Removal of a bank reinforcement on a slip-off slope of the Lower Rhine - Germany



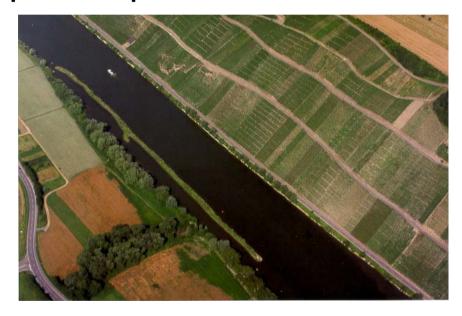


Before After





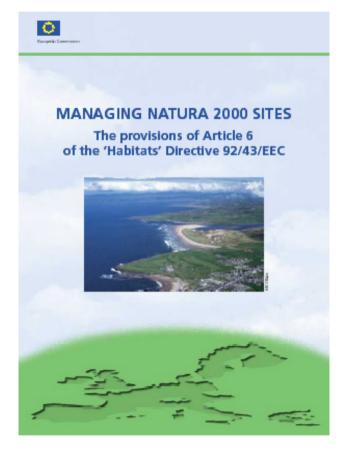
Establishment of a shallow water zone protected against the impact of ship-induced waves – Moselle river - Germany

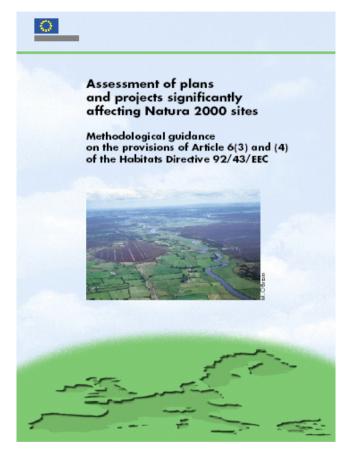






EC Guidance documents Natura2000





+ important guidance on compensation (Art. 6 (4)



Future guidelines

 European expert group on estuaries - guidelines under development, see Circa

http://circa.europa.eu/Public/irc/env/estuary/library

- Understand the ecosystem
- Take climate change into account
- Use synergies between Nature Directives and WFD
- Benefit from public participation
- A European expert group on rivers met for the first time in February 2009 – next meeting after summer – guidance 2010





Conclusion

- There is a lot of useful material on the table
- Now integration has to be put in practice!
- When checking RBM Plans, EC will give special attention to application of WFD Article 4.7 and HWMB
- EC will further support implementation of Joint Statement



